

2022

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 33

Time : Three hours

- I. *All the questions are compulsory.*
II. *The figures in the right margin indicate full marks for the questions.*

Question nos. 1 to 4 are objective type questions with four alternatives of which one of them is correct answer. Choose and rewrite the correct answer alongwith the corresponding letter.

1. In which of the following years , the Communist Party of India was formed ? 1
(A) 1885 (B) 1906
(C) 1925 (D) 1951
2. Which of the following Princely States was merged with India by holding plebiscite ? 1
(A) Manipur (B) Junagarh
(C) Hyderabad (D) Goa
3. The Counter Military pact formed against NATO was 1
(A) Central Treaty Organisation
(B) South East Asia Treaty Organisation
(C) Warsaw Pact
(D) Non-Alignment Movement

P.T.O.

4. Which of the following two countries allow their citizens to travel and work in each other's territories without Visas and Passports? 1
- (A) India and Pakistan
(B) India and China
(C) India and Nepal
(D) India and Germany

Question Nos 5 to 12 are Very Short Answer (VSA) type questions. Answer these questions in a word or a sentence each.

5. Who was the founder of Swatantra Party? 1
6. Who is known as Iron-Man of India for his role in integration of Princely States? 1
7. What is meant by ceiling on landholdings? 1
8. What was the name of the Body which was replaced by NITI Ayog? 1
9. Who was the Chairman of the Second Backward Classes Commission of India? 1
10. What is meant by Coalition government? 1
11. What is meant by the term "containment of communism"? 1
12. When did Nepal become a Republic? 1

Question Nos 13 to 24 are Short Answer Type (SA-II) questions. Answer these questions in about 15 to 25 words each.

13. Explain in brief how is the Simple Majority System works. 2
14. Explain in brief how is national-building a multi dimensional process. 2
15. Explain how is Self-reliance is possible in our economic planning for development. 2
16. Explain in brief why did India oppose the Nuclear Non Proliferation Treaty, NPT. 2

17. Explain in two points how did the Policy of Non-Alignment serve India's interests. 2
 18. Explain in two points how the external powers influenced the bilateral relations among the South-Asian countries. 2
 19. Explain in two points how the Leftist criticised and opposed globalisation. 2
 20. How did Soviet Union's initiative help to resolve the Indo-Pak War of 1965 ? 2
 21. Discuss any two points as how to Sino-Indian war of 1962 tarnished the image of India. 2
 22. Why is it difficult to run a Coalition government ? 2
 23. Examine any two important factors that Pakistan has failed to establish a stable democracy. 2
 24. Examine the importance of strategic location of South-Asian countries in contemporary world politics. 2
- Question Nos 25 – 32 are Short Answer Type (SA-I) questions. Answer these questions in about 30 to 50 words each.*
25. How was the Congress Party able to dominate in the first three general elections in India ? 4
 26. Explain the economic challenges faced by India on the eve of Independence. 4
 27. Explain "Panchsheel" as one of the basic principles of India's foreign policy. 4
 28. Explain the recommendations of Mandal Commission in terms of jobs reservation. 4
 29. "India and Bhutan have extensively warm and friendly relations", Explain. 4
 30. Distinguish between the narrow and the broader concepts of human security. 4
 31. Examine the model of Nehru's approach to Nation-Building. 4
 32. Draw a diagram showing the Principal Organs of United Nations Organisation. 4

Question Nos 33 to 36 are Essay Type questions. Answer these questions in about 120 to 150 words each.

33. What is meant by Dravidian Movement ? What are its aim and objectives ? 2+6=8

OR

What are the major issues which dominated the politics of North-East India ? 8

34. Explain the various causes that led to the Cold war between the two Superpowers. 8

OR

Explain the causes of the disintegration of former Soviet Union. 8

35. Examine the role of United Nations Organisation in maintaining World peace and Security. 8

OR

How far India has fulfilled the criteria for becoming the permanent member of UN Security Council. 8

36. On what grounds the process of globalisation is supported in India ? 8

OR

Examine how has Health Pandemics poses a challenge to human security. 8