2019

STATISTICS

Full Marks: 100

Pass Marks: 33

Time: Three hours

Attempt all Questions.

The figures in the right margin indicate full marks for the questions.

From Question Nos. 1 to 6, choose the correct answer and rewrite.

Classical probability is measured in terms of

	Α.	an absolute value
	B.	a ratio
	C.	both A and B
	D.	none of the above
2.	qua	pson's one-third rule of numerical integration is obtained from the general drature formula when n (the number of equal parts of the range of integration vided), is equal to

A. 1

1.

- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

- 3. The total N of all the frequencies of 3 attributes is known as the class of
 - A. zero order
 - B. first order
 - C. second order
 - D. third order
- 4. $\left(\frac{\Delta}{E}\right) x^2$ is equal to
 - A. 2x + 1
 - B. 2x + 2
 - C. 2x-1
 - D. 2x-2
- For testing the significance of the mean increase in weights of two independent samples of sizes 8 and 11, the degrees of freedom of the test statistic is 1
 - A. '
 - B. 10
 - C. 18
 - D. 17

1

The	random varia	ble X represents the n	number of heads in tossing two	o coins
once	e. The expecta	tion of X is		1
Α.	1			
В.	2			
C.	0			
D.	1.5			
Def	ine mutually ex	xclusive events.		1
Def	ine the operato	or Δ.		1
Stat	e the range of t	the random variable X	which follows normal distribu	tion. 1
Wha	it is meant by t	ype-I error?		1,
At w	hat interval is	the population census	usually collected in India?	1
Finc	the Sample Sp	pace when a coin and a	die are thrown together once.	1
Wri	e the mean of	a Poisson distribution	whose parameter is 5.	1
Give	e the inference	about the population	if the Gross Reproduction Rae	is less
than	unity.			1
Indi	cate the position	n of the mean, the media	an and the mode in a normal prob	oability
curv	e.			1
	once A. B. C. Defi State Wha At w Find Write Give than Indie	once. The expecta A. 1 B. 2 C. 0 D. 1.5 Define mutually expected to the control of the cont	once. The expectation of X is A. 1 B. 2 C. 0 D. 1.5 Define mutually exclusive events. Define the operator Δ. State the range of the random variable X What is meant by type-I error? At what interval is the population census Find the Sample Space when a coin and a Write the mean of a Poisson distribution Give the inference about the population in than unity. Indicate the position of the mean, the median	 A. 1 B. 2 C. 0 D. 1.5 Define mutually exclusive events. Define the operator Δ. State the range of the random variable X which follows normal distribution what is meant by type-I error? At what interval is the population census usually collected in India? Find the Sample Space when a coin and a die are thrown together once. Write the mean of a Poisson distribution whose parameter is 5. Give the inference about the population if the Gross Reproduction Rae than unity. Indicate the position of the mean, the median and the mode in a normal professional profe

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- X is a normal variate with mean 40 and standard deviation 5. Show the area in the normal probability curve for X ≤ 35.
- 17. Define independent and dependent events.
- 18. Find the probability of containing 53 Sundays in a non-leap year.
- A Curve is drawn to pass through the points

Estimate the area bounded by the curve, the X-axis and lines x=1 and x=4 by using Simpson's one-third rule of numerical integration.

 Fill in the blanks of the following life table which are marked with question marks.

Age	lx	dx	qx	Lx
25	7, 48, 514	?	?	?
26	7, 40, 412	_	_	

- 21. Show that the operators ∇ and Δ satisfy the relation $(1+\Delta)(1-\nabla) \equiv 1$.
- 22. Draw the probability curve of X^{2-} distribution. Identify critical value, the rejection and acceptance regions such that $P[X^2 \mid X_n^2(\alpha)] = \alpha$.
- State and prove addition theorem of probability of two events which are subsets
 of same sample space.

24. State the condition of consistency of two attributes in dichotomy classification.

4

25. Define vital statistics and its uses in public administration.

4

26. Show that

(i)
$$\Delta^2 (3e^x) = 3(e^h - 1)^2 e^x$$

(ii)
$$\Delta^5 y_0 = y_5 - 5y_4 + 10y_3 - 10y_2 + 5y_1 - y_0$$

Given the following ultimate class frequencies, find N, (A) and (B).

$$(ABC) = 240, (AB\gamma) = 564$$

$$(A\beta C)=345, (A\beta\gamma)=1350$$

$$(\alpha B C) = 250, (\alpha B \gamma) = 1840$$

$$(\alpha \beta C) = 190, (\alpha \beta \gamma) = 8460$$

28. In Sample-I of 8 observations, the sum of the squares of deviations of the sample values from the sample mean was 98 · 6 and in the sample-II of 10 observations it was 100 · 4. Test whether the population variances are the same.

Given $F_{5\%}$ for (7, 9) d.f = 3 · 29.

- Deduce Simpson's three-eight rule of numerical integration from the general quadrature formula.
- 30. What is meant by stationary population? State the assumptions which are used in the construction of life table.

 2-4=6

- 31. A bag contains 10 white and 5 black balls. 5 balls are successively drawn out and not replaced. What is probability that they are alternately of different colours beginning with white?
- 32. From the following table, find the number of students whose marks are more than 54 marks by using Newton's backward inerpolation formula.

Marks	No. of Studedents		
20 – 30	18		
30 – 40	24		
40 – 50	32		
50 - 60	22		
60 – 70	18		

- An unbiased coin is tossed 6 times. Find the mean and the variance of the number of heads obtained and also obtain the probability of obtaining four or more heads.
- 34. To find whether a certain vacinnation prevents a certain disease or not, an experiment was conducted and the following figures in various classes were obtained. A–showing vaccination and B–attacked by the desease

	A	α
В	70	10
β	90	30

Calculate the test statistic for testing the independence of attributes A and B.

35. The following summary data relate to the adult population of small village.

Adult population: 900

Number of employee: 450

Literate adult population employed: 300

Number of literates: 500

Give the inference about the degree of association.